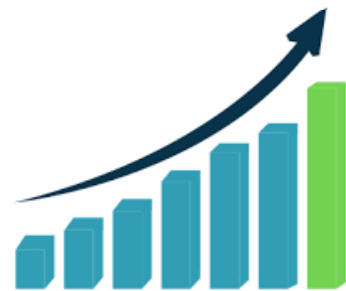


National recovery and resilience plans

- Access to the Facility based on National Plans, drawn up and submitted by Member States
- Strategic orientations for the preparation of national recovery and resilience plans is set out in the **Commission's 2021 Annual Sustainable Growth Strategy**
- **Detailed guidance** and standard **template**
- Drafts to be submitted as **of 15 October 2020** (final deadline: 30 April 2021)
- **Member States are already engaging** with the Commission on the preparation of their recovery and resilience plans



Assessing the national plans

Commission's assessment will consider whether the plans:



- contribute to effectively addressing challenges identified in the relevant **country-specific recommendations**;



- contain measures that effectively contribute to the **green** and **digital transitions**;



- contribute to **strengthening the growth potential**, job creation and economic and social resilience of the Member State.

→ Commission's assessment will be **approved by the Council**

Why do we need to assess DNSH?

Explicit references in the RRF Regulation and accompanying documents:

- Council general approach: link to Article 17 of the Taxonomy Regulation (in recital 11, article 15 (RRPs), and article 16 (assessment)).
- EP compromise

And in:

- Next Generation EU Communication of 27 May
- Annual Sustainable Growth Strategy
- Guidelines and template for Member States on their Recovery and Resilience Plans
- Caveat: Our work is based on the Council general approach. This presentation may need to be updated in light of the outcome of ongoing trilogues.

Scope (based on the Council mandate)

- DNSH applies to each measure in the RRP (i.e. each investment and each reform)
 - Not limited to ‘green’ measures
 - Not limited to climate change measures

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Green tagging

- **30% climate mainstreaming target** for MFF and NGEU (EUCO conclusions of July)
- **37% climate mainstreaming target** for each RRP